# MADANAPALLE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE MADANAPALLE

(UGC-AUTONOMOUS)

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# MASTER OF TECHNOLOGY VLSI & EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

### **COURSE STRUCTURE**

&

**DETAILED SYLLABI** 

For the students admitted to Master of Technology in VLSI & Embedded System from the academic year 2024-25 Batches onwards



M. Tech Regular Two Year P. G. Degree Course

# MADANAPALLE INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY & SCIENCE

# MADANAPALLE

# M. Tech Two Year Curriculum Structure

# **Branch: VLSI & EMBEDDED SYSTEMS**

| Total Credits     70 Credits for 2024 Admitted Batch onwards |
|--|
|--|

# R24 - Curriculum Structure I Year I Semester

| S.              | Category Course Course Title |           | Ho  | ours | Per | Week | Credits |   |
|-----------------|------------------------------|-----------|---|------|-----|------|---------|---|
| 110.            |                              | Coue      |   | L    | Τ   | Р    | Total   |   |
| 1               | PCC                          | 24VESP101 | CMOS Digital IC Design  | 3    | 0   | 0    | 3       | 3 |
| 2               | PCC                          | 24VESP102 | Microcontrollers and Programmable<br>Digital Signal Processors            | 3    | 0   | 0    | 3       | 3 |
| 3               | PEC                          |           | <b>Professional Elective – I</b><br>( <i>Refer ANNEXURE – I</i> )         | 3    | 0   | 0    | 3       | 3 |
| 4               | PEC                          |           | <b>Professional Elective – II</b><br>( <i>Refer ANNEXURE – I</i> )        | 3    | 0   | 0    | 3       | 3 |
| 5               | PCC                          | 24VESP201 | CMOS Digital IC Design Laboratory   | 0    | 0   | 4    | 4       | 2 |
| 6               | PCC                          | 24VESP202 | Microcontrollers and Programmable<br>Digital Signal Processors Laboratory | 0    | 0   | 4    | 4       | 2 |
| 7               | MC                           | 24RMP101  | Research Methodology and IPR  | 2    | 0   | 0    | 2       | 2 |
| 8               | AC                           |           | Audit Course - I<br>( <i>Refer ANNEXURE – II</i> )                        | 2    | 0   | 0    | 2       | 0 |
| Total 16 0 8 24 |                              |           |   |      | 18  |      |         |   |

## I Year II Semester

| S.  | S. Category Course Course Title Hours Per Week |           | Veek  | Credits |   |    |       |         |
|-----|--|-----------|---|---------|---|----|-------|---------|
| No. | Category                                       | Code      | Course Thie   | L       | Т | Р  | Total | Cicuits |
| 1   | PCC  | 24VESP103 | CMOS Analog IC Design   | 3       | 0 | 0  | 3     | 3       |
| 2   | PCC  | 24VESP104 | Embedded System Design  | 3       | 0 | 0  | 3     | 3       |
| 3   | PEC  |           | <b>Professional Elective – III</b><br>( <i>Refer ANNEXURE – I</i> ) | 3       | 0 | 0  | 3     | 3       |
| 4   | PEC  |           | <b>Professional Elective – IV</b><br>( <i>Refer ANNEXURE – I</i> )  | 3       | 0 | 0  | 3     | 3       |
| 5   | PCC  | 24VESP203 | CMOS Analog IC Design<br>Laboratory                                 | 0       | 0 | 4  | 4     | 2       |
| 6   | PCC  | 24VESP204 | Embedded System Design<br>Laboratory                                | 0       | 0 | 4  | 4     | 2       |
| 7   | PR   | 24VESP701 | Technical Seminar   | 0       | 0 | 4  | 4     | 2       |
| 8   | AC   |           | <b>Audit Course – II</b><br>( <i>Refer ANNEXURE – II</i> )          | 2       | 0 | 0  | 2     | 0       |
|     | Total  |           |   |         | 0 | 12 | 26    | 18      |

(L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, P = Practical)

M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

| S.  | Catagory          | Course    | Course Title              | Η | ours | Per | Week  | Credits |
|-----|-------------------|-----------|---------------------------|---|------|-----|-------|---------|
| No. | No. Category Code | Code      | Course Thie               | L | Т    | Р   | Total |         |
| 1   | PEC               |           | Professional Elective - V | 3 | 0    | 0   | 3     | 3       |
| 2   | OE                |           | Open Elective             | 3 | 0    | 0   | 3     | 3       |
| 3   | PR                | 24VESP702 | Dissertation Phase I      | 0 | 0    | 20  | 20    | 10      |
| 4   |                   |           | Co-Curricular Activities  | 0 | 0    | 4   | 0     | 2       |
|     | Total             |           |                           | 6 | 0    | 24  | 26    | 18      |

# II Year I Semester (Tentative Structure)

# II Year II Semester (Tentative Structure)

| S.    | S. Course a mu |           | Но                    | ours | Per | Week | <b>a u</b> |         |
|-------|----------------|-----------|-----------------------|------|-----|------|------------|---------|
| No.   | Category       | Code      | Course Title.         | L    | Т   | Р    | Total      | Credits |
| 1     | PR             | 24VESP703 | Dissertation Phase II | 0    | 0   | 32   | 32         | 16      |
| Total |                |           | 0                     | 0    | 32  | 32   | 16         |         |

(L = Lecture, T = Tutorial, P = Practical

### ANNEXURE - I

#### LIST OF PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

|  | Professional Elective – I |                                    |  |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sl. No.  | Course Code               | Course Title                       |  |  |  |
| 1.   | 24VESP401                 | Communication Buses and Interfaces |  |  |  |
| 2.   | 24VESP402                 | Data Acquisition System Design     |  |  |  |
| 3. 24VESP403 FPGA Architectures and Applications |                           |                                    |  |  |  |
| Any advanced courses can be appended in future.  |                           |                                    |  |  |  |

| Professional Elective – II                                     |             |                                   |  |  |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Sl. No.  | Course Code | Course Title                      |  |  |
| 1.   | 24VESP404   | Low Power VLSI Design             |  |  |
| 2.   | 24VESP405   | Nano-materials and Nanotechnology |  |  |
| 3.         24VESP406         Network Security and Cryptography |             |                                   |  |  |
| Any advanced courses can be appended in future.                |             |                                   |  |  |

|   | Professional Elective – III |   |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Sl. No.   | Course Code                 | Course Title                                |  |  |
| 1.  | 24VESP407                   | Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning    |  |  |
| 2.  | 24VESP408                   | Programming Languages for Embedded Software |  |  |
| 3.24VESP409RF IC Design                         |                             |   |  |  |
| Any advanced courses can be appended in future. |                             |   |  |  |

|   | Professional Elective – IV            |                                   |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Sl. No.   | Course Code                           | Course Title                      |  |  |
| 1.  | 24VESP410                             | SoC Architecture                  |  |  |
| 2.  | 24VESP411                             | System Design with Embedded Linux |  |  |
| 3.  | 3.24VESP412Physical Design Automation |                                   |  |  |
| Any advanced courses can be appended in future. |                                       |                                   |  |  |

# M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

| Professional Elective – V                       |                                      |                                    |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Sl. No.   | Course Code                          | Course Title                       |  |  |  |
| 1.  | 24VESP413                            | Adhoc and Wireless Sensor Networks |  |  |  |
| 2.  | 24VESP414                            | VLSI Signal Processing             |  |  |  |
| 3.  | 3. 24VESP415 IoT and its Application |                                    |  |  |  |
| Any advanced courses can be appended in future. |                                      |                                    |  |  |  |

### ANNEXURE - II

#### LIST OF AUDIT COURSES

| Audit Course – I |             |                       |  |
|------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--|
| Sl. No.          | Course Code | Course Title          |  |
| 1.               | 24AUP901    | Disaster Management   |  |
| 2.               | 24AUP902    | Constitution of India |  |

| Audit Course – II |             |                                    |  |
|-------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Sl. No.           | Course Code | Course Title                       |  |
| 1.                | 24AUP903    | English for Research Paper Writing |  |
| 2.                | 24AUP904    | Value Education                    |  |
| 3.                | 24AUP905    | Stress Management by Yoga          |  |
|                   |             |                                    |  |

# I YEAR I SEMESTER

M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

#### 24VESP101 CMOS DIGITAL IC DESIGN

## L T P C 3 0 0 3

Pre-requisite Digital system design

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the fundamentals of CMOS technology and its significance in digital circuit design.
- 2. To design and analyze basic and complex CMOS logic gates and circuits.
- 3. To teach fundamentals of CMOS Digital integrated circuit design such as importance of Pseudo logic, Combinational MOS logic circuits and Sequential MOS logic circuits.
- 4. To understand the trade-offs involved in optimizing power, performance, and area in CMOS digital circuits.
- 5. To gain knowledge of advanced topics in CMOS design, such as low power techniques, highspeed design, and emerging technologies in semi-conductor memories

#### UNIT I MOS DESIGN PSEUDO NMOS LOGIC

Inverter, Inverter threshold voltage, Output high voltage, Output Low voltage, Gain at gate threshold voltage, Transient response, Rise time, Fall time, Pseudo NMOS logic gates, Transistor equivalency, CMOS Inverter logic.

#### UNIT II COMBINATIONAL MOS LOGIC CIRCUITS

MOS logic circuits with NMOS loads, Primitive CMOS logic gates–NOR & NAND gate, Complex Logic circuits design–Realizing Boolean expressions using NMOS gates and CMOS gates, AOI and OIA gates, CMOS full adder, CMOS transmission gates, Designing with Transmission gates.

#### UNIT III SEQUENTIAL MOS LOGIC CIRCUITS

Behavior of bistable elements, SR Latch, Clocked latch and flip flop circuits, CMOS D latch and edge triggered flip-flop

#### UNIT IV DYNAMIC LOGIC CIRCUITS

Basic principle, Voltage Bootstrapping, Synchronous dynamic pass transistor circuits, Dynamic CMOS transmission gate logic, High performance Dynamic CMOS circuits.

#### UNIT V SEMICONDUCTOR MEMORIES

Types, RAM array organization, DRAM – Types, Operation, Leakage currents in DRAM cell and refresh operation, SRAM operation Leakage currents in SRAM cells, Flash Memory-NOR flash and NAND flash.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

#### 9 hours

## 9 hours

#### 9 hours

#### 9 hours

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Demonstrate advanced knowledge in Static and dynamic characteristics of CMOS,
- CO2: Estimate Delay and Power of Adders circuits.
- CO3: Classify different semiconductor memories.
- CO4: Analyze, design and implement combinational and sequential MOS logic circuits.
- CO5: Analyze complex engineering problems critically in the domain of digital IC design for conducting research.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Neil Weste, David Harris, "CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective", 4th Edition, Pearson, 2010
- 2. Digital Integrated Circuit Design Ken Martin, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 3. CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits Analysis and Design Sung-Mo Kang, Yusuf Leblebici, TMH, 3rd Edition, 2011.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Introduction to VLSI Systems: A Logic, Circuit and System Perspective Ming-BO Lin, CRC Press, 2011
- 2. Digital Integrated Circuits A Design Perspective, Jan M. Rabaey, Anantha Chandrakasan, Borivoje Nikolic, 2ndEdition, PHI.

#### M. Tech I Year I Semester 24VESP102 MICROCONTROLLERS AND PROGRAMMABLE DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS

LTP С 3 0 3 0

**Pre-requisite** Microprocessor and Microcontroller

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the architecture and applications of the ARM Cortex-Mx processor.
- 2. To comprehend the types, priority, and behaviour of exceptions and interrupts.
- 3. To study the architectural and advanced features of the LPC 17xx microcontroller.
- 4. To understand the architecture and features of programmable DSP processors.
- 5. To explore the architecture and programming considerations of the TMS320C62x, TMS320C64x, and TMS320C67x processors.

#### **UNIT I**

ARM Cortex-Mx Processor: Applications, Programming model – Registers, Operation - modes, Exceptions and Interrupts, Reset Sequence, Instruction Set (ARM and Thumb), Unified Assembler Language, Memory Maps, Memory Access Attributes, Permissions, Bit-Band Operations, Unaligned and Exclusive Transfers. Pipeline, Bus Interfaces.

#### **UNIT II**

Exceptions and Interrupts: Exceptions, Types, Priority, Vector Tables, Interrupt Inputs and Pending behaviour, Fault Exceptions, Supervisor and Pendable Service Call, Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller, Basic Configuration, SYSTICK Timer, Interrupt Sequences, Exits, Tail Chaining, Interrupt Latency.

#### **UNIT III**

LPC 17xx microcontroller: Internal memory, GPIOs, Timers, ADC, UART and other serial interfaces, PWM, RTC, WDT.

#### **UNIT IV**

Programmable DSP (P-DSP) Processors: Harvard architecture, Multi port memory, architectural structure of P-DSP- MAC unit, Barrel shifters, Introduction to TI DSP processor family.

#### UNIT V

VLIW architecture and TMS320C6000 series, architecture study, data paths, cross paths, Introduction to Instruction level architecture of C6000 family, Assembly Instructions memory addressing, for arithmetic, logical operations.

TMS320C55x – Architecture overview, Addressing modes, Instruction set, Programming considerations, system issues.

#### 9 hours

9 hours

9 hours

## 9 hours

TMS320C62x and TMS320C64x: Architecture overview, Memory systems, External memory addressing, Instruction set, Programming considerations, system issues.

TMS320C67X – Architecture overview, Instruction set, Pipeline Architecture, Programming considerations, Realtime implementations

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon the completion of the course, the student is able to

- CO1: Explain the architecture, applications, and programming model of the ARM Cortex-Mx processor
- CO2: Explain and configure different types of exceptions and interrupts.
- CO3: Describe the architecture and peripheral interfaces of the LPC 17xx microcontroller and its advance features.
- CO4: Explain the architecture and key features of programmable DSP processors.
- CO5: Describe the architecture, instruction set, and programming considerations of various TI DSP processors.

#### **Text Book(s)**

 N. Senthil Kumar and M Saravanan, "Microprocessors and Microcontrollers" 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Oxford university press, 2016.

Joseph Yiu, "The definitive guide to ARM Cortex-M3", Elsevier, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition

- 2. Venkatramani B. and Bhaskar M. "Digital Signal Processors: Architecture, Programming and Applications", TMH, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.
- 3. TMS Manual on TMS320C62XX, TMS320C64XX and TMS320C67XX.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Sloss Andrew N, Symes Dominic, Wright Chris, "ARM System Developer's Guide: Designing and Optimizing", Morgan Kaufman Publication.
- 2. Steve furber, "ARM System-on-Chip Architecture", Pearson Education
- 3. Frank Vahid and Tony Givargis, "Embedded System Design", Wiley
- 4. Technical references and user manuals on www.arm.com, NXP Semiconductor www.nxp.com and Texas Instruments www.ti.com

#### M. Tech I Year I Semester 24VESP201 CMOS DIGITAL IC DESIGN LABORATORY

### L T P C 0 0 4 2

#### Pre-requisite Digital Logic Design

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To explain the VLSI Design Methodologies using any VLSI design tool.
- 2. To grasp the significance of various design logic Circuits in full-custom IC Design.
- 3. To explain the Physical Verification in Layout Extraction.
- 4. To fully appreciate the design and analyze of CMOS Digital Circuits.
- 5. To grasp the Significance of Pre-Layout Simulation and Post-Layout Simulation.

#### List of Experiments

The students are required to design and implement the Circuit and Layout of any TEN Experiments using CMOS 130nm Technology.

- 1. Inverter Characteristics.
- 2. NAND and NOR Gate
- 3. XOR and XNOR Gate
- 4. 2:1 Multiplexer
- 5. Full Adder
- 6. RS-Latch
- 7. Clock Divider
- 8. JK-Flip Flop
- 9. Synchronous Counter
- 10. Asynchronous Counter
- 11.Static RAM Cell
- 12. Dynamic Logic Circuits
- 13. Linear Feedback Shift Register

#### Lab Requirements:

Software:

Mentor Graphics Tool/ Cadence/ Synopsys/Industry Equivalent Standard Software Hardware:

Personal Computer with necessary peripherals, configuration and operating System.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Explain the VLSI Design Methodologies using any VLSI design tool.

CO2: Grasp the significance of various design logic Circuits in full-custom IC Design.

CO3: Explain the Physical Verification in Layout Extraction.

CO4: Fully appreciate the design and analyze of CMOS Digital Circuits.

CO5: Grasp the Significance of Pre-Layout Simulation and Post-Layout Simulation.

Mode of Evaluation: Continuous Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

### M. Tech I Year I Semester

### 24VESP202 MICROCONTROLLERS AND PROGRAMMABLE DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSORS LABORATORY

L T P C 0 0 4 2

Pre-requisite Microprocessor and Microcontroller

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To write the ARM 'C' programming for applications
- 2. To understand the interfacing of various modules with ARM 7/ ARM Cortex-M3
- 3. To develop assembly and C Programming for DSP processors

#### List of Experiments

Part A) Experiments to be carried out on Cortex-Mx development boards and using GNU tool-chain

- 1. Blink an LED with software delay, delay generated using the SysTick timer.
- 2. System clock real time alteration using the PLL modules.
- 3. Control intensity of an LED using PWM implemented in software and hardware.

4. Control an LED using switch by polling method, by interrupt method and flash the LED once every five switch presses.

- 5. UART Echo Test.
- 6. Take analog readings on rotation of rotary potentiometer connected to an ADC channel.
- 7. Temperature indication on an RGB LED.
- 8. Mimic light intensity sensed by the light sensor by varying the blinking rate of an LED.
- 9. Evaluate the various sleep modes by putting core in sleep and deep sleep modes.
- 10. System reset using watchdog timer in case something goes wrong.
- 11. Sample sound using a microphone and display sound levels on LEDs.

**Part B)** Experiments to be carried out on DSP C6713 evaluation kits and using Code Composer Studio (CCS)

- 12. To develop an assembly code and C code to compute Euclidian distance between any two points
- 13. To develop assembly code and study the impact of parallel, serial and mixed execution
- 14. To develop assembly and C code for implementation of convolution operation
- 15. To design and implement filters in C to enhance the features of given input sequence/signal

#### Software Requirements:

Keil for ARM, Code Composer Studio

#### Hardware Requirements:

ARM Cortex Mx Development Boards, TI TMS C6713 evaluation kit

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Install, configure and utilize tool sets for developing applications based on ARM processor core.
- CO2: Design and develop the ARM7 based embedded systems for various applications.
- CO3: Develop application programs on ARM and DSP development boards both in assembly and C
- CO4: Design and implement the digital filters on DSP6713 processor.
- CO5: Analyze the hardware and software interaction and integration.

Mode of Evaluation: Continuous Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

#### M. Tech I Year I Semester 24RMP101 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR

#### LTPC 2 0 0 2

#### **Pre-requisite** Nil

#### **Course Description:**

This course aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of research methodology and the principles and practices of intellectual property rights (IPR). The course will equip students with the skills needed to design, conduct, and evaluate research effectively while also understanding the legal and ethical considerations surrounding intellectual property.

#### **Course Objectives:**

To impart knowledge on

- 1. Formulation of research problems, design of experiment, collection of data, interpretation and presentation of result
- 2. Intellectual property rights, patenting and licensing

#### **UNIT I RESEARCH PROBLEM FORMULATION** 9 hours

Objectives of research, types of research, research process, approaches to research; conducting literature review- information sources, information retrieval, tools for identifying literature, Indexing and abstracting services, Citation indexes, summarizing the review, critical review, identifying research gap, conceptualizing and hypothesizing the research gap

#### **UNIT II RESEARCH DESIGN AND DATA COLLECTION** 9 hours Statistical design of experiments- types and principles; data types & classification; data collection methods and tools

#### UNIT III DATA ANALYSIS, INTERPRETATION AND REPORTING

Sampling, sampling error, measures of central tendency and variation,; test of hypothesis- concepts; data presentation- types of tables and illustrations; guidelines for writing the abstract, introduction, methodology, results and discussion, conclusion sections of a manuscript; guidelines for writing thesis, research proposal; References - Styles and methods, Citation and listing system of documents; plagiarism, ethical considerations in research

#### **UNIT IV INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS**

Concept of IPR, types of IPR - Patent, Designs, Trademarks and Trade secrets, Geographical indications, Copy rights, applicability of these IPR, IPR & biodiversity; IPR development process, role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, common rules of IPR practices, types and features of IPR agreement, functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.

#### UNIT V PATENTS

Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, concept, features of patent, inventive steps, specifications, types of patent application; patenting process - patent filling, examination of patent, grant of patent, revocation; equitable assignments; Licenses, licensing of patents; patent agents, registration of patent agents.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

#### 9 hours

9 hours

Upon completion of the course, the student can

- CO1: Describe different types of research; identify, review and define the research problem
- CO2: Select suitable design of experiment s; describe types of data and the tools for collection of data
- CO3: Explain the process of data analysis; interpret and present the result in suitable form
- CO4: Explain about Intellectual property rights, types and procedures
- CO5: Execute patent filing and licensing

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, "Business Research Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
- 2. Soumitro Banerjee, "Research methodology for natural sciences", IISc Press, Kolkata, 2022.
- 3. Catherine J. Holland, "Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets", Entrepreneur Press, 2007.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, "Patent searching: tools & techniques", Wiley, 2007.
- 2. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, "Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice", September 2013.

# I YEAR II SEMESTER

M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

### M. Tech I Year II Semester

### 24VESP103 CMOS ANALOG IC DESIGN

#### **Pre-requisite** Semiconductor physics and devices/ Analog circuits

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. This course focuses on theory, analysis and design of analog integrated circuits in both Bipolar and Metal-Oxide-Silicon (MOS) technologies.
- 2. Basic design concepts, issues and tradeoffs involved in analog IC design are explored.
- 3. Intuitive understanding and real-life applications are emphasized throughout the course.
- 4. To learn about Design of CMOS Op Amps, Compensation of Op Amps, Design of Two-Stage Op Amps, Power Supply Rejection Ratio of Two-Stage Op Amps, Cascade Op Amps, Measurement Techniques of OP Amp.
- 5. To know about Characterization of Comparator, Two-Stage, Open-Loop Comparators, Improving the Performance of Open-Loop Comparators, Discrete-Time Comparators etc.

#### UNIT I

Basic MOS Device Physics: General Considerations, MOS I/V Characteristics, Second Order effects, MOS Device models and MOS Capacitor. Short Channel Effects and Device Models. Single Stage Amplifiers - Basic Concepts, Common Source Stage, Source Follower, Common Gate Stage, Cascode Stage.

#### **UNIT II**

Differential Amplifiers: Single Ended and Differential Operation, Basic Differential Pair, Common Mode Response, Differential Pair with MOS loads, Gilbert Cell. Passive and Active Current Mirrors - Basic Current Mirrors, Cascode Current Mirrors, Active Current Mirrors. Current Steering Circuit

#### **UNIT III**

Frequency Response of Amplifiers: General Considerations, Common Source Stage, Source Followers, Common Gate Stage, Cascode Stage, Differential Pair. Noise - Types of Noise, Representation of Noise in circuits, Noise in single stage amplifiers, Noise in Differential Pairs.

#### **UNIT IV**

Feedback Amplifiers: General Considerations, Feedback Topologies, Effect of Loading. Operational Amplifiers - General Considerations, One Stage Op Amps, Two Stage Op Amps, Gain Boosting, Common – Mode Feedback, Input Range limitations, Slew Rate, Power Supply Rejection, Noise in Op Amps, Stability and Frequency Compensation.

#### UNIT V

**Comparators:** Characterization of comparator, Two-Stage, Open-Loop comparators, Other Open-Loop Comparators, Improving the Performance of Open-Loop Comparators, Discrete-Time Comparators.

#### 9 hours

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0

С

3

#### 9 hours

#### 9 hours

9 hours

- CO1: Design MOSFET based analog integrated circuits.
- CO2: Analyze analog circuits at least to the first order.
- CO3: Appreciate the trade-offs involved in analog integrated circuit design.
- CO4: Understand and appreciate the importance of noise and distortion in analog circuits.
- CO5: Analyze complex engineering problems critically in the domain of analog IC design for conducting research.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. B. Razavi, "Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill, 2016.
- Paul. R. Gray& Robert G. Meyer, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", Wiley, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2009.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. T. C. Carusone, D. A. Johns & K. Martin, "Analog Integrated Circuit Design", 2ndEdition, Wiley, 2012.
- 2. P. E. Allen & D. R. Holberg, "CMOS Analog Circuit Design", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

### M. Tech I Year II Semester

### 24VESP104 EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN

# **Pre-requisite** Microcontrollers and Microprocessors, Digital Logic Design

## **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. Understand the basics of an embedded system.
- 2. Analyse the typical components of an embedded system.
- 3. Understand different Embedded Firmware design approaches.
- 4. Learn the design process of embedded system applications.
- 5. Analyse the RTOS and inter-process communication.

## UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEMS

Definition of Embedded System, Embedded Systems Vs General Computing Systems, History of Embedded Systems, Classification, Major Application Areas, Purpose of Embedded Systems, Characteristics and Quality Attributes of Embedded Systems.

## UNIT II TYPICAL EMBEDDED SYSTEM

Core of the Embedded System: General Purpose and Domain Specific Processors, ASICs, PLDs, Commercial Off-The-Shelf Components (COTS), Memory: ROM, RAM, Memory according to the type of Interface, Memory Shadowing, Memory selection for Embedded Systems, Sensors and Actuators, Communication Interface: Onboard and External Communication Interfaces. DDR, Flash, NVRAM

## UNIT III EMBEDDED FIRMWARE

Reset Circuit, Brown-out Protection Circuit, Oscillator Unit, Real Time Clock, Watchdog Timer, **Embedded Firmware Design Approaches and Development Languages**:

Embedded firmware design approaches-super loop-based approach, operating system-based approach; embedded firmware development languages-assembly language-based development, high-level language-based development.

## UNIT IV RTOS Based Embedded System Design

Operating System Basics, Types of Operating Systems, Tasks, Processes and Threads, Multiprocessing and Multitasking, and Task Scheduling: Pre-emptive and Non-Premptive Scheduling, Interrupt Routines of RTOS.

## UNIT V TASK COMMUNICATION

Shared Memory, Message Passing, Semaphores, Remote Procedure Call and Sockets, Task Synchronization: Task Communication/Synchronization Issues, Task Synchronization Techniques, Device Drivers, How to Choose an RTOS.

#### 9 hours

9 hours

#### 9 hours

#### 9 hours

9 hours

#### L T P C 3 0 0 3

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand the basics of an embedded system.
- CO2: Analyse the typical components of an embedded system.
- CO3: Understand different Embedded Firmware design approaches.
- CO4: Learn the design process of embedded system applications.
- CO5: Analyse the RTOS and inter-process communication.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Introduction to Embedded Systems Shibu K.V, Mc Graw Hill.
- 2. Embedded Systems Raj Kamal, TMH.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Embedded System Design Frank Vahid, Tony Givargis, John Wiley.
- 2. An Embedded Software Primer David E. Simon, Pearson Education.
- 3. Embedded Systems Lyla, Pearson, 2013

#### M. Tech I Year II Semester 24VESP203 CMOS ANALOG IC DESIGN LABORATORY

#### L T P C 0 0 4 2

#### Pre-requisite Analog circuits

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To explain the VLSI Design Methodologies using VLSI design tool.
- 2. To grasp the significance of various CMOS analog circuits in full-custom IC Design flow
- 3. To explain the Physical Verification in Layout Design
- 4. To fully appreciate the design and analyze of analog and mixed signal simulation
- 5. To grasp the Significance of Pre-Layout Simulation and Post-Layout Simulation

#### List of Experiments

The students are required to design and implement any TEN Experiments using CMOS 130nm Technology.

The students are required to implement LAYOUTS of any SIX Experiments using CMOS 130nm Technology and Compare the results with Pre-Layout Simulation.

- 1. MOS Device Characterization and parametric analysis
- 2. Common Source Amplifier
- 3. Common Source Amplifier with source degeneration
- 4. Cascode amplifier
- 5. Simple current mirror
- 6. Cascode current mirror.
- 7. Wilson current mirror.
- 8. Differential Amplifier
- 9. Operational Amplifier
- 10. Sample and Hold Circuit
- 11. Direct-conversion ADC
- 12. R-2R Ladder Type DAC

#### Lab Requirements:

Software: Mentor Graphics – Pyxis Schematic, IC Station, Calibre, ELDO Simulator Hardware: Personal Computer with necessary peripherals, configuration and operating System.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Explain the VLSI Design Methodologies using VLSI design tool.

CO2: Grasp the significance of various CMOS analog circuits in full-custom IC Design flow

CO3: Explain the Physical Verification in Layout Design

CO4: Fully appreciate the design and analyze of analog and mixed signal simulation

CO5: Grasp the Significance of Pre-Layout Simulation and Post-Layout Simulation

Mode of Evaluation: Continuous Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

#### M. Tech I Year II Semester 24VESP204 EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN LABORATORY

#### L T P C 0 0 4 2

### Pre-requisite Embedded System

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To familiarize with embedded systems programming concepts
- 2. To implement different embedded communication and interfacing protocols

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Functional Testing of Devices Flashing the OS on to the device into a stable functional state by porting desktop environment withnecessary packages.
- Exporting Display on to other Systems Making use of available laptop/desktop displays as a display for the device using SSH client & X11display server.
- 3. GPIO Programming Programming of available GPIO pins of the corresponding device using native programming language. Interfacing of I/O devices like LED/Switch etc., and testing the functionality.
- 4. Interfacing Chronos eZ430 Chronos device is a programmable Texas Instruments watch which can be used for multiple purposes like PPT control, Mouse operations etc., Exploit the features of the device by interfacing with devices.
- ON/OFF Control Based On Light Intensity Using the light sensors, monitor the surrounding light intensity & automatically turn ON/OFF thehigh intensity LED's by taking some pre-defined threshold light intensity value.
- Battery Voltage Range Indicator Monitor the voltage level of the battery and indicating the same using multiple LED's (for ex: for 3V battery and 3 LEDs, turn on 3 LED s for 2-3V, 2 LEDs for 1-2V, 1 LED for 0.1-1V & turn offall for 0V)
- Dice Game Simulation
   Instead of using the conventional dice, generate a random value similar to dice value and display thesame using a 16X2 LCD. A possible extension could be to provide the user with option of selecting single or double dice game.
- 8. Displaying RSS News Feed On Display Interface Displaying the RSS news feed headlines on a LCD display connected to device. This can be adapted to other websites like twitter or other information websites. Python can be used to acquire data from the internet.
- Porting Open w.r.t the Device Attempt to use the device while connecting to a WiFi network using a USB dongle and at the sametime providing a wireless access point to the dongle.
- 10. Hosting a website on Board Building and hosting a simple website(static/dynamic) on the device and make it accessible

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

online. There is a need to install server (eg: Apache) and thereby host the website.

- Webcam Server
   Interfacing the regular USB webcam with the device and turn it into fully functional IP webcam &test the functionality.

   EM Transmission
- FM Transmission Transforming the device into a regular FM transmitter capable of transmitting audio at desiredfrequency (generally 88-108 Mhz)

### Software Requirements:

Keil / Python

### Hardware Requirements:

Arduino/Raspbery Pi/Beaglebone

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the architecture and programming of embedded systems.

CO2: Apply programming skills to develop embedded system applications.

CO3: Design and implement hardware-software integration for embedded systems.

CO4: Analyze and debug embedded system applications using simulation and debugging tools.

CO5: Develop real-time embedded system projects using modern development platforms.

Mode of Evaluation: Continuous Internal Evaluation and End Semester Examination.

**Professional Electives** 

#### **Professional Elective – I** 24VESP401 COMMUNICATION BUSES AND INTERFACES

#### **Computer Communication Networks Pre-requisite**

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. Understand the concepts of different types of serial buses.
- 2. Learn about CAN Architecture and its standards,
- 3. Familiarize with PCI Express Technology and its protocols
- 4. Analyse USB architecture, its transfer types, and device drivers.
- 5. Learn about data streaming using serial communication protocols

#### UNIT I SERIAL BUSSES

Cables, Serial busses, serial versus parallel, Data and Control Signal- data frame, data rate, features, Limitations and applications of RS232, RS485, I2C, SPI

#### **CAN ARCHITECTURE UNIT II**

ISO 11898-2, ISO 11898-3, Data Transmission- ID allocation, Bit timing, Layers- Application layers, Object layer, Transfer layer, Physical layer, Frame formats- Data frame, Remote frame, Error frame, Over load frame, Ack slot, Inter frame spacing, Bit spacing, Applications.

#### UNIT III PCIe

Revision, Configuration space- configuration mechanism, Standardized registers, Bus enumeration, Hardware and Software implementation, Hardware protocols, Applications.

#### **UNIT IV USB**

Transfer Types- Control transfers, Bulk transfer, Interrupt transfer, Isochronous transfer. Enumeration- Device detection, Default state, Addressed state, Configured state, enumeration sequencing. Descriptor types and contents- Device descriptor, configuration descriptor, Interface descriptor, Endpoint descriptor, String descriptor. Device driver.

#### DATA STREAMING SERIAL COMMUNICATION UNIT V 9 hours PROTOCOL

Serial Front Panel Data Port(SFPDP) configurations, Flow control, serial FPDP transmission frames, fiber frames and copper cable

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the concepts of different types of serial buses.

CO2: Learn about CAN Architecture and its standards.

CO3: Familiarize with PCI Express Technology and its protocols.

CO4: Analyse USB architecture, its transfer types, and device drivers.

CO5: Learn about data streaming using serial communication protocols.

### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

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9 hours

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#### LT С Р 3 0 3 0

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. A Comprehensive Guide to controller Area Network Wilfried Voss, Copperhill Media Corporation, 2nd Ed., 2005.
- 2. Serial Port Complete-COM Ports, USB Virtual Com Ports and Ports for Embedded Systems-Jan Axelson, Lakeview Research, 2nd Ed.,

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. USB Complete Jan Axelson, Penram Publications.
- 2. PCI Express Technology Mike Jackson, Ravi Budruk, Mindshare Press.

#### **Professional Elective – I** 24VESP402 DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM DESIGN

#### LTP С 3 0 3 0

**Computer Networks Pre-requisite** 

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the different types of communication interface buses.
- 2. To familiarize different methods of ADC's and DAC characteristics, specifications
- 3. To study the software tools to develop the code and implementation for data acquisition system

#### UNIT I

Fundamentals of Data Acquisition Systems, Sensors and Transducers, Signal conditioning Introduction, Types of signal conditioning, Classes of signal conditioning, DAQ Hardware, DAQ Software, Communications Cabling, Parameters of a DAQ System.

#### **UNIT II**

Data acquisition system configuration, Computer plug in I/O, Distributed I/O, Stand-alone or distributed loggers/controllers- Introduction, Methods of operation, Stand-alone logger/controller hardware, firmware & software design, Communications hardware interface, Host software, Considerations, internal systems, USB overall structure, PCMCIA card. Application Layer Protocols.

#### **UNIT III**

Data Acquisition Systems: Hardware-Introduction, Plug-in DAQ Systems, Converters A/D, Converters D/A, Amplifier, Multiplexer/De-multiplexer, Power Management, Timing System, Filtering, Memory Board, Bus Interface

#### **UNIT IV**

Communication Bus-Bus and FireWire, Serial Communications, Wireless, Ethernet and Bluetooth, GSM for Data Acquisition System, PCI and PCI Express, Standard VME. High speed data acquisition and interface, SPI read/write protocol, RTC interfacing and programming.

#### UNIT V

Design of Data Acquisition System: Introduction to the Design, Functional Design of high-Speed Computers-Based DAS, Portable DAS, Design Guidelines for High-Performance Multichannel. Software for Data Acquisition Systems, Introduction to LabVIEW, Android for DAQ, Design of Firmware, Example of Implementation of a Software.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the fundamental concepts and components of data acquisition systems.

CO2: Apply knowledge of analog-to-digital (ADC) and digital-to-analog (DAC) converters in data acquisition.

CO3: Design and implement hardware for data acquisition systems.

CO4: Analyze the performance of data acquisition systems, including resolution, accuracy, and speed.

CO5: Develop and implement software solutions for data collection and processing.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

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#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Maurizio Di Paolo Emilio "Data acquisition systems-from fundamentals to applied design" springer, 2013.
- 2. John Park and Steve Mackay "Practical Data acquisition for instrumentation and control systems" Elsevier, 2003.

#### **Reference Books**

1. Robert H King, "Introduction to Data Acquisition with LabVIEW", 2nd edition, 2012, McGraw

#### **Professional Elective – I** 24VESP403 FPGA ARCHITECTURES AND APPLICATIONS

#### LTP С 3 3 0 0

#### **Pre-requisite** Digital System Design, ASIC Design

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To acquire knowledge about various architectures and device technologies of PLD's.
- 2. To comprehend FPGA Architectures.
- 3. To analyze System level Design and their application for Combinational and Sequential Circuits.
- 4. To familiarize with Anti-Fuse Programmed FPGAs.
- 5. To apply knowledge of this subject for various design applications.

#### UNIT I

Introduction to Programmable Logic Devices: Introduction, Simple Programmable Logic Devices - Read Only Memories, Programmable Logic Arrays, Programmable Array Logic, Programmable Logic Devices/Generic Array Logic; Complex Programmable Logic Devices-Architecture of Xilinx Cool Runner XCR3064XL CPLD, CPLD Implementation of a Parallel Adder with Accumulation.

#### **UNIT II**

Field Programmable Gate Arrays: Organization of FPGAs, FPGA Programming Technologies, Programmable Logic Block Architectures, Programmable Interconnects, and Programmable I/O blocks in FPGAs, Dedicated Specialized Components of FPGAs, and Applications of FPGAs.

#### **UNIT III**

SRAM Programmable FPGAs: Introduction, Programming Technology, Device Architecture, the Xilinx XC2000, XC3000 and XC4000 Architectures.

#### **UNIT IV**

Anti-Fuse Programmed FPGAs: Introduction, Programming Technology, Device Architecture, The Actel ACT1, ACT2 and ACT3 Architectures.

#### UNIT V

Design Applications: General Design Issues, Counter Examples, A Fast Video Controller, A Position Tracker for a Robot Manipulator, A Fast DMA Controller, Designing Counters with ACT devices, Designing Adders and Accumulators with the ACT Architecture.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Acquire knowledge about various architectures and device technologies of PLD's.
- CO2: Comprehend FPGA Architectures.
- CO3: Analyze System level Design and their application for Combinational and Sequential Circuits.
- CO4: Familiarize with Anti-Fuse Programmed FPGAs.
- CO5: Apply knowledge of this subject for various design applications.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

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#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Field Programmable Gate Array Technology Stephen M. Trimberger, Springer International Edition.
- 2. Digital Systems Design Charles H. Roth Jr, Lizy Kurian John, Cengage Learning.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Field Programmable Gate Arrays-John V.Oldfield, Richard C.Dorf, Wiley India.
- 2. Digital Design Using Field Programmable Gate Arrays Pak K. Chan/SamihaMourad, Pearson Low Price Edition.
- 3. Digital Systems Design with FPGAs and CPLDs-Ian Grout, Elsevier, Newnes.
- 4. FPGA based System Design-Wayne Wolf, Prentice Hall Modern Semiconductor Design Series.

**Professional Elective – II** 

#### 24VESP404 LOW POWER VLSI DESIGN

#### Pre-requisite VLSI

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the concepts of velocity saturation, Impact Ionization and Hot Electron Effect.
- 2. To implement Low power design approaches for system level and circuit level measures.
- 3. To design low power adders for efficient design of systems.
- 4. To design low power multipliers for efficient design of systems.
- 5. To design memory circuits with low power dissipation.

#### UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Need for Low Power Circuit Design, Sources of Power Dissipation – Static and Dynamic Power Dissipation, Short Circuit Power Dissipation, Glitching Power Dissipation, Short Channel Effects – Drain Induced Barrier Lowering and Punch Through, Surface Scattering, Velocity Saturation, Impact Ionization, Hot Electron Effect.

#### UNIT II Low-Power Design Approaches

Low-Power Design through Voltage Scaling – VTCMOS circuits, MTCMOS circuits, Architectural Level Approach –Pipelining and Parallel Processing Approaches. Switched Capacitance Minimization Approaches: System Level Measures, Circuit Level Measures, Mask level Measures.

#### UNIT III Low-Voltage Low-Power Adders

Introduction, Standard Adder Cells, CMOS Adder's Architectures – Ripple Carry Adders, Carry Look Ahead Adders, Carry Select Adders, Carry Save Adders, Low-Voltage Low-Power Design Techniques – Trends of Technology and Power Supply Voltage, Low-Voltage Low-Power Logic Styles.

#### UNIT IV Low-Voltage Low-Power Multipliers

Introduction, Overview of Multiplication, Types of Multiplier Architectures, Braun Multiplier, Baugh Wooley Multiplier, Booth Multiplier, Introduction to Wallace Tree Multiplier.

#### UNIT V Low-Voltage Low-Power Memories

Basics of ROM, Low-Power ROM Technology, Future Trend and Development of ROMs, Basics of SRAM, Memory Cell, Precharge and Equalization Circuit, Low-Power SRAM Technologies, Basics of DRAM, Self-Refresh Circuit, Future Trend and Development of DRAM.

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#### L T P C 3 0 0 3

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand concepts of velocity saturation, Impact Ionization and Hot Electron Effect.
- CO2: Implement Low power design approaches for system level and circuit level measures.
- CO3: Design low power adders for efficient design of systems.
- CO4: Design low power multipliers for efficient design of systems.
- CO5: Design memory circuits with low power dissipation.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits Analysis and Design Sung-Mo Kang, Yusuf Leblebici, TMH, 2011.
- 2. Low-Voltage, Low-Power VLSI Subsystems Kiat-Seng Yeo, Kaushik Roy, TMH Professional Engineering.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Introduction to VLSI Systems: A Logic, Circuit and System Perspective Ming-BO Lin, CRC Press, 2011.
- 2. Low Power CMOS Design Anantha Chandrakasan, IEEE Press/Wiley International, 1998.
- 3. Low Power CMOS VLSI Circuit Design Kaushik Roy, Sharat C. Prasad, John Wiley & Sons, 2000

#### Professional Elective – II 24VESP405 NANO-MATERIALS AND NANOTECHNOLOGY

#### L T P C 3 0 0 3

Pre-requisite Material science, Basic chemistry

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the basic idea behind the design and fabrication of nano scale systems.
- 2. To understand and formulate new engineering solutions for current problems and technologies for future applications.
- 3. To acquire knowledge on the operation of fabrication and characterization devices to achieve precisely designed systems.

#### UNIT I

Introduction of nano materials and nanotechnologies, Features of nanostructures, Applications of nano materials and technologies. Nano dimensional Materials 0D, 1D, 2D structures – Size Effects – Fraction of Surface Atoms –Specific Surface Energy and Surface Stress – Effect on the Lattice Parameter – Phonon Density of States – the General Methods available for the Synthesis of Nanostructures – precipitate – reactive– hydrothermal/solvo thermal methods – suitability of such methods for scaling – potential Uses.

#### UNIT II

Fundamentals of nanomaterials, Classification, Zero-dimensional nanomaterials, One-dimensional nanomaterials, Two-dimensional nano materials, three dimensional nanomaterials. Low Dimensional Nanomaterials and its Applications, Synthesis, Properties and applications of Low Dimensional Carbon-Related Nanomaterials.

#### UNIT III

Micro- and Nanolithography Techniques, Emerging Applications, Introduction to Micro electromechanical Systems (MEMS), Advantages and Challenges of MEMS, Fabrication Technologies, Surface Micromachining, Bulk Micromachining, Molding. Introduction to Nano Phonics.

#### UNIT IV

Introduction, Synthesis of CNTs - Arc-discharge, Laser-ablation, Catalytic growth, Growth mechanisms of CNT"s - Multi-walled nanotubes, Single-walled nano tubes Optical properties of CNT"s, Electrical transport in perfect nanotubes, Applications as case studies. Synthesis and Applications of CNTs.

#### UNIT V

Ferroelectric materials, coating, molecular electronics and Nano electronics, biological and environmental, membrane based application, polymer based application.

# 9 hours

9 hours

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9 hours

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamental principles and concepts of nanotechnology and nanomaterials.
- CO2: Analyze the synthesis methods of nanomaterials, including top-down and bottom-up approaches.
- CO3: Evaluate the physical, chemical, and mechanical properties of nanomaterials.
- CO4: Gather detailed knowledge of the operation of fabrication and characterization devices to achieve precisely designed systems.
- CO5: Understand the applications of nanomaterials in various fields, including electronics, energy, medicine, and environmental science.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Kenneth J. Klabunde and Ryan M. Richards, "Nanoscale Materials in Chemistry", 2ndedition, John Wiley and Sons, 2009.
- 2. I Gusev and A Rempel, "Nanocrystalline Materials", Cambridge International Science Publishing, 1stIndian edition by Viva Books Pvt. Ltd. 2008.
- 3. B. S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath, James Murday, "Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", Tata McGraw Hill Education 2012.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Digital Integrated Circuit Design Ken Martin, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 2. Digital Integrated Circuits A Design Perspective, Jan M.Rabaey, Anant Chandrakasan, Borvivoje Nikolic, 2nd Edition, PHI.

#### **Professional Elective – II** 24VESP406 NETWORK SECURITY AND CRYPTOGRAPHY

#### LT С Р 3 0 3 0

**Pre-requisite Computer Networks** 

### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- To identify and utilize different forms of cryptography techniques. 1.
- 2. To incorporate authentication and security in the network applications.
- 3. To distinguish among different types of threats to the system and handle the same.

#### UNIT I **SECURITY**

Need of security, security services, Attacks, OSI Security Architecture, one-time passwords, Model for Network security, Classical Encryption Techniques like substitution ciphers, Transposition ciphers, Cryptanalysis of Classical Encryption Techniques

#### **UNIT II** NUMBER THEORY

Introduction, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, The Chinese Remainder Theorem, Euclidean Algorithm, Extended Euclidean Algorithm, and Modular Arithmetic

#### **PRIVATE- KEY(SYMMETRIC) CRYTOGRAPHY:** UNIT III

Block Ciphers, Stream Ciphers, RC4 Stream cipher, Data Encryption Standard (DES), Advanced Encryption Standard (AES), Triple DES, RC5, IDEA, Linear and Differential Cryptanalysis.

#### **UNIT IV** PUBLIC- KEY(ASYMMETRIC) CRYTOGRAPHY: 9 hours

RSA, Key Distribution and Management, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Elliptic Curve Cryptography, Message Authentication Code, hash functions, message digest algorithms: MD4 MD5, Secure Hash algorithm, RIPEMD-160, HMAC

#### **AUTHENTICATION AND SYSTEM SECURITY:** UNIT V

IP and Web Security Digital Signatures, Digital Signature Standards, Authentication Protocols, Kerberos.

IP security Architecture, Encapsulating Security Payload, Key Management, Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer, Secure Electronic Transaction Intruders, Intrusion Detection, Password Management, Worms, viruses, Trojans, Virus Countermeasures, Firewalls, Trusted Systems.

#### 9 hours

9 hours

9 hours

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand the fundamental principles of network security and cryptography.
- CO2: Analyze various cryptographic algorithms, including symmetric and asymmetric encryption.
- CO3: Apply cryptographic techniques for securing data transmission over networks.
- CO4: Understand and implement security protocols for network communication.
- CO5: Analyze potential vulnerabilities and threats in computer networks.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. William Stallings, "Cryptography and Network Security, Principles and Practices", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition.
- 2. Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner, "Network Security, Private Communication in a Public World", Prentice Hall, 2ND Edition.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Christopher M. King, Ertem Osmanoglu, Curtis Dalton, "Security Architecture, Design Deployment and Operations", RSA Pres,
- 2. Stephen Northcutt, Leny Zeltser, Scott Winters, Karen Kent, and Ronald W. Ritchey, "Inside Network Perimeter Security", Pearson Education, 2 nd Edition
- 3 Richard Bejtlich, "The Practice of Network Security Monitoring: Understanding Incident Detection and Response", William Pollock Publisher, 2013

#### Professional Elective – III 24VESP407 PATTERN RECOGNITION AND MACHINE LEARNING

# L T P C

3 0 0 3

Pre-requisite Statistics and Probability Theory

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the mathematical formulation of patterns.
- 2. To comprehend the principles and mathematical foundations of linear models.
- 3. To explore various kernel-based algorithms and their applications.
- 4. To study different types of graphical models and Markov random fields.
- 5. To understand the theory behind mixture models the EM algorithms

#### UNIT I

**Introduction to Pattern recognition:** Mathematical Formulation and Basic Functional Equation, Reduction of Dimensionality, Experiments in Pattern Classification, Backward Procedure for Both Feature Ordering- and Pattern Classification, Suboptimal Sequential Pattern Recognition, Nonparametric Design of Sequential Pattern Classifiers, Analysis of Optimal Performance and a Multiclass Generalization

#### UNIT II

Linear Models: Linear Basis Function Models -Maximum likelihood and least squares, Geometry of least squares, Sequential learning, Regularized least squares, Multiple outputs, The Bias-Variance Decomposition, Bayesian Linear Regression -Parameter distribution, Predictive, Equivalent, Bayesian Model Comparison, Probabilistic Generative Models-Continuous inputs, Maximum likelihood solution, Discrete features, Exponential family, Probabilistic Discriminative Models - Fixed basis functions, Logistic regression, Iterative reweighted least squares, Multiclass logistic regression, Probit regression, Canonical link functions

#### UNIT III

**Kernel Methods**: Constructing Kernels, Radial Basis Function Networks - Nadaraya-Watson model, Gaussian Processes -Linear regression revisited, Gaussian processes for regression, Learning the hyper parameters, Automatic relevance determination, Gaussian processes for classification, Laplace approximation, Connection to neural networks, Sparse Kernel Machines- Maximum Margin Classifiers, Overlapping class distributions, Relation to logistic regression, Multiclass SVMs, SVMs for regression, Computational learning theory, Relevance Vector Machines- RVM for regression, Analysis of sparsity, RVM for classification

#### 9 hours

9 hours

#### UNIT IV

**Graphical Models**: Bayesian Networks, Example: Polynomial regression, Generative models, Discrete variables, Linear-Gaussian models, Conditional Independence- Three example graphs,

Markov Random Fields -Conditional independence properties, Factorization properties, Illustration: Image de-noising, Relation to directed graphs, Inference in Graphical Models- Inference on a chain, Trees, Factor graphs, The sum-product algorithm, The max-sum algorithm, Exact inference in general graphs, Loopy belief propagation, Learning the graph structure.

#### UNIT V

#### 9 hours

**Mixture Models and EM algorithm:** Image segmentation and compression - K-means Clustering, Mixtures of Gaussians-Maximum likelihood, EM for Gaussian mixtures, An Alternative View of EM Gaussian mixtures revisited, Relation to K-means, Mixtures of Bernoulli distributions, EM for Bayesian linear regression, The EM Algorithm in General, Combining Models- Tree-based Models, Conditional Mixture Models- Mixtures of linear regression models, Mixtures of logistic models, Mixtures of experts.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Explain the basic concepts and importance of pattern recognition in machine learning.

CO2: Evaluate and interpret the performance of linear models on different datasets.

CO3: Apply kernel-based algorithms to solve non-linear pattern recognition problems

CO4: construct and interpret different types of graphical models for various applications.

CO5: Apply mixture models and the EM algorithm to practical problems and datasets.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Sequential methods in Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning-K. S. Fu, Academic Press, volume no. 52.
- 2. Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning- C. Bishop-Springer, 2006.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Pattern Classification- Richard o. Duda, Peter E. hart, David G. Stork, John Wiley& Sons, 2nd Ed., 2001.
- 2. The elements of Statistical Learning- Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome H. Friedman, Springer, 2nd Ed., 2009

#### **Professional Elective – III** 24VESP408 PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES FOR EMBEDDED SOFTWARE

LTP С

3 0 0 3

Microcontrollers and Microprocessors: **Pre-requisite** 

### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To introduce students to various programming languages like C, C++, Java script, PERL, etc.
- 2. To distinguish between Procedural and OOP language, Introduce features of OOPs etc.
- 3. To demonstrate the development of some typical applications using different Programming languages.

#### UNIT I

Embedded 'C' Programming: Bitwise operations, Dynamic memory allocation, OS services, linked stack and queue, Sparse matrices, Binary tree, Interrupt handling in C, Code optimization issues, Writing LCD drives, LED drivers, Drivers for serial port communication, Embedded Software Development Cycle and Methods (Waterfall, Agile).

#### UNIT II

Object Oriented Programming: Introduction to procedural, modular, object oriented and generic programming techniques, Limitations of procedural programming, objects, classes, data members, methods, data encapsulation, data

Abstraction and information hiding, inheritance, polymorphism.

#### UNIT III

CPP Programming: 'cin', 'cout', formatting and I/O manipulators, new and delete operators, Defining a class, data members and methods, 'this' pointer, constructors, destructors, friend function,

dynamic memory allocation.

### **UNIT IV**

Overloading and Inheritance: Need of operator overloading, overloading the assignment, overloading using friends, type conversions, single inheritance, base and derived classes, friend classes, types of inheritance, hybrid inheritance,

multiple inheritance.

Templates: Function template and class template, member function templates and template arguments

#### UNIT V

Exception Handling: Syntax for exception handling code: try-catch-throw, Multiple Exceptions. Scripting Languages: Overview of Scripting Languages - PERL, CGI, VB Script, Java Script. PERL: Operators, Statements Pattern Matching etc. Data Structures, Modules, Objects, Tied Variables, Inter process Communication Threads, Compilation & Line Interfacing.

9 hours

9 hours

9 hours

#### 9 hours

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Introduce students to various programming languages like C, C++, Java script, PERL, etc.
- CO2: Distinguish between Procedural and OOP language, Introduce features of OOPs etc.
- CO3: Demonstrate the development of some typical applications using different Programming languages.
- CO4: Analyze the trade-offs between various embedded programming languages and platforms.
- CO5: Integrate hardware and software to design complete embedded system projects..

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Michael J. Pont, "Embedded C", Pearson Education, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2008.
- 2. Robert Sedgewick, "Algorithms in C++", Addison Wesley Publishing Company, 1999.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Randal L. Schwartz, "Learning Perl", O'Reilly Publications, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition 2011.
- 2. Michael Berman, "Data structures via C++", Oxford University Press, 2002

#### 24VESP409 RF IC DESIGN

#### LTP С 3 0 3 0

#### Microwave, Electromagnetics **Pre-requisite**

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To introduce students the concept of tuned circuit, matching network, reflection coefficients, transmission lines and MOS high frequency behavior etc.
- 2. To demonstrate design of High Frequency Amplifiers.
- 3. To introduce various types of Power Amplifiers and PLLs

#### UNIT I

RF Tuned Circuits: RF systems - Basic architectures, Maximum Power Transfer, Passive RLC Networks, Parallel RLC tank, Q, Series RLC networks, matching, Pi match, T match, Passive components in IC: Resistors, capacitors, Inductors, Transceiver Architectures.

#### **UNIT II**

Nonlinearity and Time Variance of system, sensitivity and dynamic range, Review of MOS Device Physics, MOS device review, Distributed Systems, Transmission lines, reflection coefficient, the wave equation Lossy transmission lines Smith charts - plotting gamma, Noise in FET: Thermal noise, flicker noise review

#### **UNIT III**

High Frequency Amplifier Design: Bandwidth estimation using open-circuit time constants, Bandwidth estimation using short-circuit time constants, Rise-time, delay and bandwidth, Zeros to enhance bandwidth, Shunt- series amplifiers, tuned amplifiers Cascaded amplifiers, Noise figure, Intrinsic MOS noise parameters, LNA Design, Power match versus noise match

#### **UNIT IV**

**RF Power Amplifiers:** Multiplier based mixers, Subsampling mixers & Mixer Design, RF Power Large signal performance Amplifiers, Class A, AB, B, C amplifiers, Class D, E, F amplifiers, RF Power amplifier design issues. LC Oscillators, Voltage Controlled Oscillators, Ring oscillators, Delay Cells, tuning range in ring oscillators, Tuning in LC oscillators, Tuning sensitivity, Phase Noise in oscillators, sources of phase noise

#### UNIT V

PLL: Voltage controlled oscillators, Resonators, Negative resistance oscillators, Phase locked loops, Linearized PLL models, Phase detectors, charge pumps, Loop filters, PLL design examples, Frequency synthesis and oscillator Frequency division, integer-N synthesis, Phase noise

#### 9 hours

9 hours

#### 9 hours

9 hours

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand relation between automation algorithms and constraints posed by VLSI technology.
- CO2: Introduce students the concept of tuned circuit, matching network, reflection coefficients, transmission lines and MOS high frequency behavior etc.
- CO3: Demonstrate design of High Frequency Amplifiers.
- CO4: Introduce various types of Power Amplifiers.
- CO5: Apply frequency division techniques in oscillators and PLLs, and understand their role in frequency synthesis.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Thomas H. Lee, "The Design of CMOS Radio-Frequency Integrated Circuits", Cambridge University Press, 2004.
- 2. Behzad Razavi, "RF Microelectronics", Prentice Hall, 1997.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Abidi, P.R. Gray, and R.G. Meyer, eds., "Integrated Circuits for Wireless Communications", New York: IEEE Press, 1999.
- 2. R. Ludwig and P. Bretchko, "RF Circuit Design, Theory and Applications", Pearson, 2000.

#### **Professional Elective – IV**

#### 24VESP410 SoC ARCHITECTURE

# **Pre-requisite** Computer architecture, Digital logic design

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the basics related to SoC architecture and different approaches related to SoC Design.
- 2. To select an appropriate robust processor for SoC Design
- 3. To select an appropriate memory for SoC Design.
- 4. To realize real time case studies

#### UNIT I

**Introduction to the System Approach:** System Architecture, Components of the system, Hardware & Software, Processor Architectures, Memory &Addressing. System level interconnection, An approach for SOC Design, System Architecture and Complexity.

#### UNIT II

**Processors:** Introduction, Processor Selection for SOC, Basic concepts in Processor Architecture, Basic concepts in Processor Microarchitecture, Basic elements in Instruction handling. Buffers: minimizing Pipeline Delays, Branches, More Robust Processors, Vector Processors and Vector Instruction extensions, VLIW Processors, Superscalar Processors

#### UNIT III

**Memory Design for SOC:** Overview: SOC external memory, SOC Internal Memory, Size, Scratchpads and Cache memory, Cache Organization, Cache data, Write Policies, Strategies for line replacement at miss time, Other Types of Cache, Split – I, and D – Caches, Multilevel Caches, SOC Memory System, Models of Simple Processor – memory interaction.

#### UNIT IV

**Interconnect, Customization and Configurability:** Interconnect Architectures, Bus: Basic Architectures, SOC Standard Buses, Analytic Bus Models, Using the Bus model, Effects of Bus transactions and contention time.

**SOC Customization:** An overview, Customizing Instruction Processor, Reconfigurable Technologies, Mapping design onto Reconfigurable devices, Instance- Specific design, Customizable Soft Processor, Reconfiguration - overhead analysis and trade-off analysis on Reconfigurable Parallelism.

#### UNIT V

**Application Studies / Case Studies:** SOC Design approach; AES-algorithms, Design and evaluation; Image compression–JPEG compression.

#### 9 hours

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Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand the basics related to SoC architecture and different approaches related to SoC Design.
- CO2: Select an appropriated robust processor for SoC Design
- CO3: Select an appropriate memory for SoC Design.
- CO4: Design SoC
- CO5: Realize real time case studies

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Computer System Design System-on-Chip Michael J. Flynn and Wayne Luk, Wiely India Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. ARM System on Chip Architecture Steve Furber, 2ndEdition, 2000, Addison Wesley Professional.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Design of System on a Chip: Devices and Components Ricardo Reis, 1st Ed., 2004, Springer.
- 2. Co-Verification of Hardware and Software for ARM System on Chip Design (Embedded Technology) Jason Andrews Newnes, BK and CDROM.
- 3. System on Chip Verification Methodologies and Techniques –Prakash Rashinkar, Peter Paterson and Leena Singh L, 2001, Kluwer Academic Publishers

#### Professional Elective – IV 24VESP411 SYSTEM DESIGN WITH EMBEDDED LINUX

#### L T P C 3 0 0 3

#### Pre-requisite Embedded Systems, Computer architecture

#### **Course Objectives:**

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand the importance of Embedded Linux in system design
- 2. To analyze the architecture of embedded Linux in detail
- 3. To explain the Linux BSP for a hardware platform
- 4. To develop and Debug the drivers in Embedded Linux

#### UNIT I

**Introduction:** Need of Embedded Linux, Embedded Linux versus Desktop Linux, Embedded Linux Distributions Embedded Linux Architecture, Kernel Architecture: Hardware Abstraction Layer (HAL), Memory Manager, Scheduler, File System, IO Subsystem, Networking Subsystems, IPC; User Space, Linux Start-Up Sequence.

#### UNIT II

**Board Support Package:** Inserting BSP in Kernel Build Procedure, the Boot Loader Interface, Memory Map, Interrupt Management, the PCI Subsystem, Timers, UART, and Power Management. Embedded Storage: Flash Map, Memory Technology Device, MTD Architecture, Embedded File Systems.

#### UNIT III

**Embedded Drivers:** Linux Serial Driver, Ethernet Driver, and I2C Subsystem on Linux, USB Gadgets, Watchdog Timer, and Kernel Modules. Porting Applications: Architectural Comparison, Application Porting Roadmap.

#### UNIT IV

**Real-Time Linux:** Linux and Real-Time: Building and Debugging: Building the Kernel, Building the Root File System, Integrated Development Environment, Elementary Concepts of Debugging. Embedded Graphics: Graphics System, Introduction to Display Hardware.

#### UNIT V

uClinux: Linux on MMU - Less Systems, Program Load and Execution, Memory Management, File/ Memory Mapping.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand the importance of Embedded Linux in system design

CO2: Explain the Linux BSP for a hardware platform

CO3: Implement device drivers for embedded hardware peripherals.

CO4: Develop and deploy embedded applications on Linux-based platforms.

CO5: Explore features of uClinux-based embedded systems.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

#### 9 hours

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9 hours

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. Derek Molloy, "Exploring Beagle Bone: Tools and Techniques for Building with Embedded Linux", Wiley, 1st Edition, 2014.
- 2. Christopher Hallinan, "Embedded Linux Primer: A Practical Real-World Approach", Prentice Hall,2nd Edition, 2010.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. P Raghvan, Amol Lad, Sriram Neelakandan, "Embedded Linux System Design and Development", Auerbach Publications, 2005.
- 2. Karim Yaghmour, "Building Linux Systems", O'Reilly & Associates, 2008.

#### **Professional Elective – IV** 24VESP412 PHYSICAL DESIGN AUTOMATION

# **Course Objectives:**

**Pre-requisite** 

This course enables students to

- 1. To understand relation between automation algorithms and constraints posed by VLSI technology.
- 2. To adopt algorithms to meet critical design parameters.
- 3. To design area efficient logics by employing different routing algorithms and shape functions.
- 4. To simulate and synthesis different combinational and sequential logics.

Computer Architecture, Digital Logic Design

#### UNIT I

**VLSI Design Automation Tools:** Algorithms and system design, Structural and logic design, Transistor level design, Layout design, Verification methods, Design management tools. Design styles: full custom, standard cell, gate arrays, field programmable gate arrays, sea of gates and comparison, system packaging styles, multi-chip modules

#### **UNIT II**

Layout: Compaction, placement and routing, Design rules, symbolic layout, Applications of compaction. Formulation methods, Algorithms for constrained graph compaction, Circuit representation, Wire length estimation, Placement algorithms, Partitioning algorithms.

#### **UNIT III**

**Floor planning and routing:** Floor planning concepts, Shape functions and floor planning sizing, Local routing, Area routing, Channel routing, global routing and its algorithms. Interconnection analysis, interconnection optimization

#### **UNIT IV**

Simulation and Logic Synthesis: Gate level and switch level modeling and simulation, Introduction to combinational logic synthesis, clock tree synthesis, ROBDD principles, implementation, construction and manipulation, two level logic syntheses.

#### UNIT V

**High-Level Synthesis:** Hardware model for high level synthesis, internal representation of input algorithms, Allocation, assignment and scheduling, scheduling algorithms, Aspects of assignment.

#### 9 hours

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9 hours

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Upon successful completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1: Understand relation between automation algorithms and constraints posed by VLSI technology.
- CO2: Adopt algorithms to meet critical design parameters.
- CO3: Design area efficient logics by employing different routing algorithms and shape functions.
- CO4: Simulate and synthesis different combinational and sequential logics.
- CO5: Develop hardware model for high level synthesis.

#### Text Book(s)

- 1. S. H. Gerez, Algorithms for VLSI Design Automation, John Wiley, 1998.
- 2. N. A. Sherwani, Algorithms for VLSI Physical Design Automation, (3/e), Kluwer, 1999

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. S. M. Sait, H. Youssef, VLSI Physical Design Automation, World scientific, 1999.
- 2. M. Sarrafzadeh, Introduction to VLSI Physical Design, McGraw Hill (IE), 1996.

# **Audit Courses**

M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

#### Audit Course - I

### **Course Objectives:**

Upon the completion of subject student will be able to-

1. Learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

24AUP901 DISASTER MANAGEMENT

- 2. Critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- 3. Develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- 4. Critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches,
- 5. Planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in

#### UNIT-I DISASTER CLASSIFICATION

Disaster: definition, factors and significance; difference between hazard and Disaster; natural disaster: earthquakes, volcanisms, cyclones, tsunamis, floods, droughts and famines, landslides and avalanches; man-made disasters: nuclear reactor meltdown, industrial accidents, oil slicks and spills, outbreaks of disease and epidemics, war and conflicts

#### UNIT-II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS

Economic damage, loss of human and animal life, destruction of ecosystem. **Disaster Prone Areas in India:** Study of seismic zones; areas prone to floods and droughts, landslides and Avalanches; areas prone to cyclonic and coastal hazards with special reference to tsunami.

#### UNIT-III DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT 6 hours

Preparedness: monitoring of phenomena triggering a disaster or hazard; Evaluation of risk: application of remote sensing, data from meteorological and Other agencies, media reports: governmental and community preparedness.

#### UNIT-IV RISK ASSESSMENT

Disaster risk: concept and elements, disaster risk reduction, global and national disaster risk situation. Techniques of risk assessment, global co-operation in risk assessment and warning.

## **UNIT-V DISASTER MITIGATION**

Meaning, concept and strategies of disaster mitigation, emerging trends in Mitigation. Structural mitigation and non-structural mitigation, programs of Disaster mitigation in India.

#### 6 hours

6 hours

#### 6 hours

#### 6 hours

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After the completion of the subject following outcomes can be achieved-

- CO1: Students will be able to understand disaster and its types in general.
- CO2: They will understand the post disaster damage in terms of both like and commodity.
- CO3: They will have clear picture of disaster-prone zones.
- CO4: They will be able to understand the pre and post disaster preparedness needed to mitigate the disaster impact in large scale.
- CO5: Student will also understand to quantify the risk in terms of monetary for both commodity and life.
- CO6: Student will also learn the structural and non-structural measures for risk mitigation

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Ghosh G.K., 2006, Disaster Management, APH Publishing Corporation
- 2. R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company.
- 3. Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences and Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.
- 4. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text and Case Studies" ,Deep&Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, Mid Term Tests

#### Audit Course - I

#### 24AUP902 CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

#### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- 2. To address the growth of Indian regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- 3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.
- 4. To get knowledge about the Indian Federal System and Center State Relations
- 5. To Understand the Election Commission functions and administration system

#### **UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION**

Historical Background - Drafting Committee (Composition & Working) - Philosophical foundations of the Indian Constitution - Preamble - Fundamental Rights - Directive Principles of State Policy – Fundamental Duties – Citizenship – Constitutional Remedies for citizens.

**UNIT-II: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF CENTRAL GOVERNMENT** 6 hours Union Government – Structures of the Union Government and Functions – President – Vice President - Prime Minister - Cabinet - Parliament - Supreme Court of India - Judicial Review.

#### **UNIT-III: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF STATE GOVERNMENT** 6 hours State Government - Structure and Functions - Governor - Chief Minister - Cabinet -

State Legislature –Judicial System in States – High Courts and other Subordinate Courts.

#### **UNIT-IV CONSTITUTION FUNCTIONS**

Indian Federal System – Center – State Relations \_ President's Rule Constitutional Amendments - Constitutional Functionaries - Assessment of working of the Parliamentary System in India.

#### **UNIT-V: ELECTION COMMISSION**

Central Election Commission - Role and functioning - Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - State Election Commission - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and Women

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to:

CO1: Know about Human rights protection by Indian Constitution.

CO2: Understand the functions of the Indian government

CO3: Understand and abide the rules of the Indian constitution.

CO4: Role of Constitution in Socio-economic development and welfare activities of the Country.

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

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### 6 hours

### 6 hours

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Durga Das Basu, "Introduction to the Constitution of India ", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 2. R.C.Agarwal, (1997) "Indian Political System", S.Chand and Company, New Delhi.

#### **References Books:**

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication
- 2. Dr. S.N. Busi, Dr. B.R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015
- 3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 204
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, Mid Term Tests

#### Audit Course -II 24AUP903 ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

#### **Course objectives:**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
- 2. Learn about what to write in each section
- 3. Understand the skills needed when writing a Title
- 4. Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

#### UNIT I: SCIENTIFIC WRITING: AN INTRODUCTION

What is scientific writing – Language in scientific writing – Use and miss-use of English – Elements of scientific writing - Paraphrasing and Plagiarism - Hedging and Criticizing – How to identify research problem

#### UNIT II: WRITING TITLE AND ABSTRACT

Strategies for writing effective title –Planning and preparing your abstract - Things to consider while writing abstract – Useful phrases for writing abstract

#### UNIT III: ORGANISING THE LITERATURE; METHODS OF DATA COLLECTION AND DATA ANALYSIS 6 hours

What is review of the literature - Techniques of reading and citing various studies relevant to the study – Things to consider while organising review of the literature – useful phrases while writing review of the literature. Introduction to various methods of data collection –Preparing tools and describing them - How to interpret and analyse data.

#### UNIT IV: WRITING FINDINGS, DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION 6 hours

Useful vocabulary while writing findings, discussion, and conclusion –elaboration of the findings - Preparing and describing charts and graphs –how to organise your discussion section – Discussing the findings of your study with the literature available

# UNIT V: PREPARING REFERENCES, APPENDIXES AND PROOFREADING THE PAPER 6 hours

Various styles of referencing and bibliography (APA, MLA, Oxford, Harvard, Chicago), – Organising and preparing Appendixes – Various strategies of proofreading

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the learners will be able to:

CO1: Become aware of various components of academic writing

CO2: Improve and use academic vocabulary while writing a research papers

CO3: Plan and write quality research papers in their respective field

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6 hours

#### **References:**

- 1. Adrian Wallwork, (2011). English for Writing Research Papers. Springer New York
- 2. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
- 3. Day, R. (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
- 4. Highman, N. (1998), Handbook
- 5. Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht
- 6. Kate L. Turabian, (2007). A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and

Dissertations, Seventh Edition: Chicago Style for Students and Researchers [7th ed.]Chicago Guides to Writing, Editing, and Publishing

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, Mid Term Tests

#### Audit Course-II

#### 24AUP904 VALUE EDUCATION

#### **Course Prerequisite: NIL**

#### **Course Objectives:**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand value of education
- 2. Understand value of self- development
- 3. Imbibe personality development
- 4. Imbibe spiritual development and to about the importance of character
- 5. Incorporate good emotional intelligence with self-control

#### UNIT-I

6 hours

Values and self-development –Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements.

#### UNIT-II

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

#### UNIT-III

Personality and Behavior Development - Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance. True friendship.

Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature.

#### UNIT-IV

Character –Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence, Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message.

#### UNIT-V

Competence- Emotional Intelligence- Mind your Mind, Self-control, Honesty, Studying effectively

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Students will be able to

- 1. Knowledge of self-development
- 2. Learn the importance of Human values
- 3. Developing the moral personality
- 4. Development of spiritual personality
- 5. Development of emotional personality for efficiency in work

#### M. Tech VLSI & Embedded Systems

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6 hours

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### **Text/Reference Books:**

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, Mid Term Tests

#### Audit Course - II

#### 24AUP905 STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA

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#### Course Prerequisite: None

#### **Course Objectives**

Students will be able to:

- 1. To know the human psyche: Yogic and modern concepts
- 2. To have the importance for mental health
- 3. To know the relationship between mind and body
- 4. To understand the concept of stress according to modern science and yoga
- 5. To achieve overall health of mind through yoga

#### **UNIT-I SCIENTIFIC FOUNDATIONS OF STRESS**

Concept of stress – Sources of stress - Types of Stress – Personality factors and Stress – Stress and the college student

#### UNIT-II CONSEQUENCES OF STRESS ON HUMAN MIND

Human Psyche: Yogic and Modern concepts, behavior and consciousness – Frustration – Conflicts – Psychosomatic Disorders

#### UNIT-III MENTAL HYGIENE AND YOGA

Mental health: A Yogic Perspective – Mental hygiene and role of Yoga in mental hygiene – Yogic principles for the management of stress (Prayer and meditation for mental health)

#### **UNIT-IV ASHTANGA YOGA INTRODUCTION**

Introduction to Ashtanga Yoga – Concepts and techniques of stress management in Ashtanga yoga of Patanjali Yoga sutra (i.e. Benefits of Meditation for stress management)

#### **UNIT-V YOGIC MANAGEMENT OF STRESS**

Specific practices for stress management: Yogasana, breath awareness, shavasana, yoganidra, pranayama and meditation

#### **Course Outcomes:**

Students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the role of yoga in stress management
- 2. Understanding the role of yoga in life management
- 3. Understanding the role of yoga in mental hygiene
- 4. To Develop strong mental health
- 5. To Develop healthy mind and there by improve efficiency

#### **Text/Reference Books:**

- 1. 'Certification of yoga professionals, Official guide book for Level 1 and Level 2" Excel books private limited, Noida
- 2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

Mode of Evaluation: Assignments, Mid Term Tests